

# **User Manual**

# Vacuklav<sup>®</sup> 23 B+ Vacuklav<sup>®</sup> 31 B+

# Steam sterilizer

From software version 5.15





Dear doctor,

we thank you for your confidence demonstrated by the purchase of this MELAG product.

As an owner-run and operated family concern founded in 1951, we have a long history of successful specialization in hygiene products for practice-based use. Our focus on innovation, quality and the highest standards of operational reliability has established MELAG as the world's leading manufacturer in the instrument treatment and hygiene field.

You, our customer are justified in your demand for the best products, quality and reliability. Providing **"competence in hygiene"** and **"quality – made in Germany"**, we guarantee that these demands will be met. Our certified quality management system is subject to close monitoring: one instrument to this end is our annual multi-day audit conducted in accordance with ISO 13485 and ISO 9001. This guarantees that all MELAG products are manufactured and tested in accordance with strict quality criteria.



The MELAG management and team.

# **General notes**

Please read this user manual carefully before commissioning the device. The manual includes important safety information. The functionality and value-retention of this sterilizer depends on the care accorded to it.

Please store this user manual carefully and in close proximity to your sterilizer. It represents a component of the product.

Should the user manual no longer be legible, damaged or lost, please obtain a new copy from MELAG. State the device type and your address in an email.

The device type is specified on the type plate on the rear of the device.

### User group

This manual is addressed to doctors, their assistants and service departments.

### Validity

This manual is valid for the steam sterilizer Vacuklav 23 B+ und Vacuklav 31 B+.

### About this manual

### Symbols used

Symbol	Explanation
Indicates a dangerous situation, which if not avoided, could entail slight to life- threatening injuries.	
Draws your attention to a situation, which if not avoided, could result in dan the instruments, the practice fittings or the device.	
	Draws your attention to important information.

### Formatting rules

Symbol	Explanation
Universal Program	Words or phrases appearing on the display of the sterilizer are marked as software citations.
Chapter 6 - Logging	Reference to another text section within these instructions.
Figure 1/5	Reference to a detail in a figure – in the example, to part no. 5 in Figure 1.

# Symbols on the device

Symbol	Explanation
	Manufacturer of the medical device
	Date of manufacture of the medical device
SN	Serial number of the medical device by the manufacturer
REF	Article number of the medical device
$\triangle$	This User Manual contains important safety information. Failure to comply of the safety instructions could result in human and material damage.
ĺ	Please read this user manual carefully before commissioning the device. The manual includes important safety information. The functionality and value-retention of this sterilizer depends on the care accorded to it. Please store this user manual carefully and in close proximity to your sterilizer. It represents a component of the product.
<b>C €</b> 0197	In affixing this CE mark, the manufacturer declares that this medical product fulfils the basic requirements of the medical device directive. The four-digit number confirms that this is monitored by an approved certification agency.
<b>C €</b> 0035	In affixing this CE mark, the manufacturer declares that this medical product fulfils the basic requirements of the pressure device directive. The four-digit number confirms that this is monitored by an approved certification agency.
	The symbol of the struck out waste bin identifies a device that may not be disposed in the domestic waste. The vendor is responsible for appropriate disposal of the device - it must be delivered to the vendor to be disposed of. With the designation of an apparatus with this symbol, the manufacturer furthermore declares that he satisfies all requirements of the law concerning the release, redemption and environmentally sound disposal of electric and electronic appliances. MELAG devices are synonymous for long-term quality. When you eventually need to decommission your MELAG device, we offer a special disposal service. Simply contact your stockist.
	Indication of the scale of the chamber volume
l	Operating temperature of the device
₽₽	Operating pressure of the device

### Scope of delivery

Check the scope of delivery before setting up and connecting the device.

#### Standard scope of delivery

- Vacuklav 23 B+ or Vacuklav 31 B+
- User Manual
- Usage instructions for mounts
- Technical Manual
- Guarantee
- Manufacturer's inspection report
- Installation / set-up protocol
- Mounts for trays and cassettes
- Tray jack
- Hose for emptying the interior water storage tank
- TORX key for removing the carrying strap
- Lever for emergency opening of the door
- Key for the filter inside the chamber
- 2 Replacement device fuses on the door interior of the sterilizer

#### Optionally

- Trays
- Standard tray cassettes and jack
- Additional mounts

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# ▲ Safety instructions

When operating the sterilizer, please observe the following safety instructions as well as those contained in subsequent chapters.

Use the device only for the purpose named in the user manual.

Never use this sterilizer to sterilize any fluids.

Power cable and mains socket

- Never damage or alter the plug or power cable.
- Never operate the sterilizer if the plug or power cable are damaged.
- Never unplug by pulling on the power cable. Always take a grip on the plug.

Set-up installation and commissioning

- The sterilizer should only be set-up, installed and commissioned by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.
- The connections for electrical provision and water supply and discharge must be set-up by trained personnel.
- In accordance with current VDE specifications, the sterilizer is unsuitable for operation in areas exposed to the danger of explosion.
- The sterilizer is conceived for use outside the patient area. The device should be located a minimum of 1.5 m radius away from the treatment area.
- Observe all the information contained in the technical manual during commissioning.
- Documentation media (computer, CF card reader, etc.) must be placed in such a way that they cannot come into contact with liquids.
- Failure to comply with the set-up conditions can result in malfunctions or damage to the sterilizer and/or human injury.

Preparation and sterilization

- Follow the manufacturer instructions of your textile articles and instruments regarding their treatment and sterilization.
- Observe the relevant standards and directives applicable to the treatment and sterilization of textiles and instruments e.g. from the RKI, and DGSV.
- Only ever use packaging material and systems which have been cleared by their manufacturer for steam sterilization (consult the manufacturer's instructions).
- Only ever operate the steam sterilizer with a sterile filter inserted.

Program abort

- Please observe that depending on the time of the program abort, opening the door following a program abort can lead to hot steam leaving the chamber.
- Depending on the time of the program abort, it is possible that the load is unsterile. Observe the clear instructions on the sterilizer display. It may be necessary to re-pack and re-sterilize the sterilization material.

Removing the sterilized equipment

- Never use force to open the door.
- Use a tray jack to remove the tray. Never touch the sterilized equipment, the chamber or the door with bare hands. The components are hot.
- Check the packaging on the sterilized equipment for damage when removing it from the sterilizer. Should the packaging be damaged, re-pack the sterilization material and re-sterilize it.

#### Maintenance

- Maintenance should only be performed by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.
- Maintain the specified servicing intervals.
- Only original MELAG spare parts may be used.

Carrying the sterilizer

- The sterilizer should always be carried by two people.
- Use the correct carrying strap to carry the sterilizer.

Malfunctions

- Upon the incidence of repeated malfunction messages in the sterilizer, turn off the sterilizer and if necessary, inform your stockist.
- The sterilizer may only be serviced by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.
- The sterile filter must be sterilized or replaced following a power outage suffered in over-pressure or following the incidence of the malfunction message Malfunction 32.

# **Chapter 1 – Device description**

### **Intended use**

The sterilizer is designed for application in a medical context, e.g. clinics and medical and dental practices. According to DIN EN 13060, this sterilizer is a Class-B-sterilizer. As a universal sterilizer, it is suited to highly-demanding sterilization tasks. It can be used to sterilize instruments with a low inner diameter and transfer instruments - both wrapped or unwrapped - and large quantities of textiles.

# 

The sterilization of fluids can result in a delay in boiling, which could result in damage to the sterilizer and burns.

Never use this sterilizer to sterilize any fluids. It is not licensed for the sterilization of fluids.

### ATTENTION

#### Failure to observe these provisions can result in damage or can compromise safety.

- Only ever use the sterilizer for the applications as foreseen in the technical documentation and only in connection with the devices and components as recommended by MELAG.
- As with the preceding instrument treatment and in accordance with §2 MPBetreibV, the sterilization of instruments and textiles using this sterilizer may only be carried out by competent personnel.
- When conducting sterilization procedures, only use instruments, packaging and textiles which the manufacturer has cleared for steam sterilization.

### Views of the device





Fig. 1: Device view front side



Fig. 2: Device view rear panel



1. Operating and display panel

- 2. Door, pivots to the left
- 3. Sliding closure grip
- 4. Power switch
- 5. Front device foot (adjustable)
- 6. Connection for emptying the storage tank waste water
- 7. Connection for emptying the storage tank feed water
- 8. Serial data and printer connection (RS232)\*
- 9. 2x Device fuses\*

\*hidden behind the white cover

- 10. Tank lid
- 11. Slot for optional upgrade with the safety combination EN 1717
- 12. Spring safety valve
- 13. Sterile filter
- 14. One-way discharge (optional)
- 15. Emergency overflow hose
- 16. Cooler
- 17. Purified feed water inlet for water treatment unit
- 18. Power supply cord
- 1. Mounting to hold trays/cassettes
- 2. Chamber
- 3. Door locking pin
- 4. Round blank
- 5. Door seal

Fig. 3: View of the interior

### **Operating panel**

The operating panel consists of a two-row alphanumerical LC display and four membrane keys.



- 1. **2-line LC display** for program status display and parameter display.
- 2. Time (h:min:s)
- 3. Chamber pressure (bar) and (steam)- temperature (°C)
- Function key (-) and (+) to select, set and display special functions: print, date/time, preheating, total batches, conductivity, acknowledge error, key (+) for unlocking the door.
- Program selection key (P) to select the sterilization programs/test programs and select or set options (submenus) of the special functions.
- 6. Start Stop key (S) to start programs, terminate programs/drying as well as control of the special functions.

#### Initial state

The display switches to the initial state after every activation of the device. This displays the current time and chamber pressure in bar and the (steam) temperature in °C.

### Mountings for the load

The steam sterilizer is always delivered with a mount for holding trays or cassettes.

Detailed information regarding the various mounts, their combinability with various load holders and their application can be found in the separate document "Usage instructions for mounts".

#### Mount A "Plus"

The mounting (A "Plus") is standard and can hold either five trays or three standard tray cassettes rotated by 90°.

Mount B

The mounting (B) can hold four standard tray cassettes or four trays.

#### Mount D

The mounting (D) can hold two high cassettes (e.g. for implant cassettes) or four trays rotated by 90°.







# **Chapter 2 – Installation**

#### F PLEASE NOTE

The sterilizer should only be set-up, installed and commissioned by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.

Please observe the technical manual regarding installation. This contains all building-side requirements.

### **Electrical connection**



### DANGER

Incorrectly performed electrical connections can result in a short-circuit, fire, water damage and/or an electric shock.

This could result in serious injury.

- The connections for electrical provision and water supply and discharge must be set-up by trained personnel.
- Observe the information regarding the installation and commissioning provided in the technical manual.

Observe the following safety measures when dealing with the mains cable and plug:

- Never splice or change the power cable.
- Never bend or twist the power cable.
- Never pull on the mains cable to take the power plug out of the socket.
- Never place any heavy objects on the power cable.
- Ensure that the power cable does not become jammed (e.g. between the doors or windows)
- Never lead the cable along a source of heat.
- Never use any nails, paper fasteners or similar objects to fix the cable.
- Should the cable or plug become damaged, switch off the sterilizer. The power cable and plug should only be replaced by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.
- Failure to observe these provisions can result in damage to the cable or plug and/or a fire or an electric shock. This could result in serious injury.

### Feed water supply

Steam sterilization requires distilled or demineralized/de-ionized water. Use only demineralized or distilled water according to DIN EN 13060, Appendix C. The feed water supply is provided either by an external water storage tank or with a water treatment unit see Chapter 3 – Initial start-up. Detailed information regarding the connection to a water treatment unit is provided in the technical manual.

### Waste water connection

The waste water can either be collected in an internal storage tank (left side) and manually emptied or automatically drained via the one-way drain. An upgrade set for the tank drain is available for connecting the sterilizer to the effluent. Detailed information regarding the connection to the effluent is provided in the technical manual.

### **Record of installation and set-up**

The record of installation and set-up is to be completed by the responsible person and a copy be sent to both MELAG and the stockist as proof of correct set-up, installation and commissioning. This is a constituent part of any guarantee claim.

# Chapter 3 – Initial start-up

### Switching on the sterilizer

Turn the power switch on to power the sterilize.

After switching on the sterilizer with the power switch, the display shows in alternation to the initial state the message: Unlocking door with key '+', if the door is closed.



#### PLEASE NOTE

The trays and all accessories must be removed from the chamber directly after the sterilizer having been switched on for the first time and before commissioning.

After switching on the device, it requires a heating time of c. 5 minutes depending on the type of device. This time is needed for pre-heating (see Selecting automatic pre-heating, p. 20). A program will start after reaching the target temperature.



#### PLEASE NOTE

When switching the device off by disconnecting the mains switch, then wait three seconds before switching on again.

### Opening and closing the door

The door can only be opened when the display shows: Acknowledge with '+'/ Unlock door with '+' key.

- 1. Press the (+) key. You can open the door after hearing an audible click.
- 2. Close the door with light pressure against the chamber flange and simultaneously press down the sliding-closure grip.

### **Providing feed water**

#### Using the internal storage tank

When feed water is supplied via the internal storage tank, this needs to be filled manually from time to time. The sterilizer will issue a maintenance message at the relevant time.

The internal storage tank holds max. 5 litres. This volume of feed water in the circulation system is sufficient for up to 7 sterilization runs.

The feed water supply must be switched on. The steam sterilizer requires c. 1 litre feed water for the first filling of the steam generator.

To fill the storage tank with fresh feed water, remove the lid and fill the right-hand chamber of the storage tank with fresh feed water up to the MAX mark.



#### Setting the feed water supply on the sterilizer

The **INTERN** function must be set in order to enable feed water supply via the internal storage tank. The **EXTERN** function must be set in order to enable feed water supply via a water treatment unit.

- 1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the menu Function: Last batch no.
- 2. Navigate using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows: Function: Feed water test:
- 3. Press the (P) key. The display shows the option currently set, e.g. pre-heating yes.

- 4. Press the (P) key again to change to the desired setting (INTERN/EXTERN).
- 5. Press the (S) key to save the setting and to leave the menu.

Repeated pressing of the (S) key enables you to leave the menu entirely and return to the display basic state.

#### Using a water treatment unit

Observe the specifications in the technical manual when using a water treatment unit.

#### PLEASE NOTE

Should you wish to use a water treatment unit from another manufacturer, please consult MELAG.

Failure to comply with these provisions can result in damage to the sterilizer and/or human injury.

### Setting the date and time

Correct batch documentation requires the correct date and time setting on the sterilizer. Ensure that you take into account the clock change in autumn and summer, as this is not adjusted automatically. Set the date and time as follows:

- 1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the menu Function: Last batch no.
- 2. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows:



- 3. Press the (P) key to confirm. The current hour is displayed.
- Choose one of the following setting possibilities using the (+) or (-) keys: Hours, minute, second, day, month, year.
- To adjust the Hours parameter, press the (P) key to confirm. The current value flashes on the display.
- 6. You can increase or reduce the value using the (+) and (-) keys.
- To save the value, confirm with the (P) key.
   The current value set no longer flashes on the display.
   To alter the other parameters, proceed in a similar fashion.
- 8. After ending the settings, press the (S) key to leave the menu.
  - The display shows the menu Function: Date / time.
- 9. Repeated pressing of the (S) key enables you to leave the menu and the display returns to its basic state.

# **Chapter 4 - Sterilization**

### Important information regarding routine operation

Please comply with the recommendations issued by the Robert-Koch-Institute (RKI) and the information contained in DIN 58946-7 (Germany).

# Manufacturer's recommendation for the routine operation of Class B steam sterilizers<sup>1</sup>

When is it necessary to make checks?	How should the checks be made?
Once per working day	<ul> <li>Visual check of the door seal and the door seal for damage.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Check the operating agents (electricity, feed water and water connection if necessary).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Check the documentation media (printer paper / computer / network)</li> </ul>
	We recommend performing the steam penetration test with MELAcontrol/MELAcontrol PRO in the Universal-Program (test system in accordance with DIN EN 867-5).
Once a week	Vacuum test
	Tip: In the mornings before starting work - the steam sterilizer must be cold and dry.
Batch-related tests	With "Critical B" instruments:
	<ul> <li>MELAcontrol/MELAcontrol PRO must be used as batch control with every sterilization cycle.</li> </ul>
	With "Critical A" instruments:
	<ul> <li>The process indicator (type 5 in accordance with DIN EN ISO 11140) must be used as batch control with every sterilization cycle.</li> </ul>
	With "Critical A + B" instruments:
	<ul> <li>MELAcontrol/MELAcontrol PRO must be used as batch control with every sterilization cycle.</li> </ul>
	This simplifies the working procedure and increases security. You can omit the daily steam penetration test with MELAcontrol/MELAcontrol PRO (see above). The use of another test system in accordance with DIN EN 867-5 is possible. The number of the available test systems means that MELAG is not able to provide technical support when using a different system.

### 🕼 PLEASE NOTE

The results of the tests must be documented.

The indicator test strips used need to be stored.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In accordance with the current recommendations from the Robert-Koch-Institut

### Preparing the sterilization material

A significant prerequisite for safe disinfection and sterilization of sterilizing materials is the appropriate preparation, i.e. cleaning and maintenance of the sterilizing materials according to the manufacturer's instructions. Furthermore, the materials, cleaning agents and processing procedure employed are of significance.

#### 🕼 PLEASE NOTE

Wherever possible, please ensure the separate sterilization of textiles and instruments in separate sterilization containers or sterilization packaging. This leads to better drying results.

### ATTENTION

Only ever operate the steam sterilizer with a sterile filter inserted.

### **Treating instruments**

Please ensure the following when treating used and brand-new instruments:

- Follow both the instrument manufacturer's instructions regarding treatment and sterilization and comply with the relevant standards and directives e.g. from the BGV A1, RKI and DGSV.
- Clean the instruments exceptionally thoroughly e.g. using a washer-disinfector.
- Rinse the instruments after washing and disinfecting, where possible with de-mineralized or distilled water and then dry the instruments thoroughly with a clean, non-fuzzing cloth.
- Use only those care agents suitable for steam sterilization. Consult the manufacturer of the care agents.

### 

The incorrect treatment of instruments could result in any dirt residue being loosened during sterilization. The presence of residual disinfection and cleaning fluids results in corrosion.

The use of unsuitable care agents e.g. water repellent agents or oils impermeable to steam could result in unsterile instruments. This represents a danger to the health of both patients and yourself.

This could result in increased maintenance requirements and a restriction of the sterilizer function.

Comply with the treatment instructions contained in these instructions.

When using ultra-sound devices, care equipment for hand pieces and washing and disinfection devices, please observe the manufacturer's treatment instructions.

### Treating textiles



### WARNING

Steam penetration of the textile package can be restricted and/or will produce poor drying results. The textiles could not be sterilized.

This could endanger the health of patient and practice team.

Please observe the following points when treating textiles and putting the textiles in sterilization containers:

- Observe and comply with both the manufacturer's instructions of the textiles regarding treatment and sterilization as well as the relevant standards and directives e.g. from the RKI, and DGSV.
- Arrange the folds in the textiles parallel to each other.
- Stack textiles vertically wherever possible and not too closely together in the sterilization chamber. This enables the development of flow channels.

### **MELAG**

- Retain the vertical stacking system when packing textiles in the sterilization container.
- If textile packages do not remain together, wrap the textiles in sterilization paper.
- Only ever sterilize dry textiles.
- The textiles must not be permitted to come into direct contact with the floor or walls of the sterilization chamber; otherwise they will become saturated with condensate.

### Loading the sterilizer

Only when correctly loaded is effective sterilization and good drying possible.

Ensure the following during loading:

- Insert trays or cassettes in the chamber only with their appropriate mount.
- Use perforated trays such as those from MELAG. Only in this way can the condensate drain off. The use of a non-perforated base or half-shell to accept the sterilization material can result in poor drying results.
- The use of paper tray inserts can result in poor drying results.

### Packaging

Only ever use packaging materials and systems (sterilization barrier systems) corresponding to the standard DIN EN ISO 11607-1.

The correct use of suitable packaging is important in achieving successful sterilization results.

You can use re-usable rigid packaging systems such as e.g. standard tray cassettes or soft packaging such as transparent sterilization packaging, paper bags, sterilization paper, textiles or fleece.

### **Closed sterilization containers**

Please observe the following when using closed sterilization containers for sterilization material:

- Use aluminium sterilization containers. Aluminium retains and conducts heat and thus improves drying.
- Closed sterilization containers must be either perforated or have a valve on at least one side optimally the bottom.
- Wherever possible, please ensure that sterilization containers are stacked on top of those of identical size, so that the condensate can run down their sides.

Our TIP: MELAG sterilization containers fulfil the requirements of DIN EN 868-8 for successful sterilization and drying. They have a perforated lid and are fitted with single-use paper filters.

### ATTENTION

The use of unsuitable sterilization containers results in insufficient steam penetration and even failure of the sterilization. This can also prevent condensate drain-off.

This produces poor drying results. This can result in unsterile instruments and thus endanger the health of patient and practice team.

Closed sterilization containers must be either perforated on at least one location - optimally the bottom - or be equipped with a valve.

### ATTENTION

Incorrect stacking of the sterilization containers can result in the dripping condensate being unable to drain off to the chamber floor. This would then saturate the sterilization material directly underneath it.

This produces poor drying results. This can result in unsterile instruments and thus endanger the health of patient and practice team.

Do not cover the perforations when stacking the sterilization containers.

### Soft sterilization packaging

Soft sterilization packaging can be used in both sterilization containers and on trays. Please observe the following when using soft sterilization packaging e.g. MELA*fol*:

- Arrange soft sterilization packaging in a perpendicular position and at narrow intervals.
- > Do not place multiple soft sterilization packages flat on top of each other on a tray or in a container.
- If the seam seal tears during sterilization, this could be caused by the choice of undersized packaging. Should this not be the case, re-pack the instruments and sterilize them again.
- Should the seam seal rip during sterilization, extend the sealing pulse on the sealing device or make a double seam.

### **Multiple wrapping**

The sterilizer functions on the fractionated pre-vacuum method. This permits the use of multiple wrapping.

### **Mixed loads**

Please observe the following when using mixed loads:

- Always place textiles at the top.
- Place the sterilization containers at the bottom.
- Place unwrapped instruments at the bottom.
- Place transparent sterilization packaging and paper bags at the top except in combination with textiles. In this case, place them at the bottom.
- Place heavy loads at the bottom.
- Transparent sterilization packaging should be loaded on their edges so that the paper side and film side are alternating in contact. If this is not possible, the paper side should face downwards.

Loading variations*	Vacuklav	v 23 B+	Vacuklav 31 B+		
	Instruments	Textiles	Instruments	Textiles	
Max weight per piece	2 kg	1.8 kg	2 kg	1.8 kg	
Maximum total	5 kg	1.8 kg	5 kg	1.8 kg	
*MELAG mount, trays and sterilization containers. See appendix A – accessories					

#### Table 1: Example loading variations

Load patterns designed especially for the dental sector are available from the download area of the MELAG website: <u>www.melag.com</u>.

### Selecting the program

You can switch between the initial state and the desired program using the program selection switch (P). Now select the sterilization program according to how and whether the sterilization material is packed. It is also necessary to take into account the temperature resistance of the sterilization material. The following tables show which program is to be selected for which sterilization material.

#### Table 2: Overview of the sterilization programs

	Universal- Program	Quick- Program B:	Quick- Program S	Gentle- Program	Prion- Program
Sterilization temperature	134 °C	134 °C	134 °C	121 °C	134 °C
Sterilization pressure	2 bar	2 bar	2 bar	1 bar	2 bar
Sterilization time	5.5 min.	5.5 min.	3.5 min.	20.5 min.	20.5 min.
Operating times					
Operating time*	30min.	30 min.	15 min.	45 min.	45 min.
Drying	20 min.	10 min.	5 min.	20 min.	20 min.

\*without drying (full load for Vacuklav 23 B+ and Vacuklav 31 B+: 5 kg) and depending on loading and installation conditions, e.g. mains voltage.

#### Table 3: Overview of the use of the respective sterilization programs

Program	Packaging/suitability	Load amount*
Universal-Program	Single and multiple wrapped mixed loads; transfer instruments, instruments with narrow lumen (hollow body A) and simple hollow items (hollow body B)	5 kg instruments 1.8 kg textiles
Quick-Program B	Single wrapped and unwrapped (no textiles) Transfer instruments, long, instruments with narrow lumen (hollow body A) and simple hollow items (hollow body B)	single wrapped 1.5 kg or unwrapped 5 kg
Quick-Program S	Only unwrapped (no textiles) Simple solid instruments, simple hollow items (hollow body B)	5 kg unwrapped instruments
Gentle-Program	Single and multiple wrapping Larger quantities of textiles, thermo-instable goods (e.g. plastic, rubber articles); mixed loads; instruments with narrow lumen (hollow body A) and simple hollow items (hollow body B)	textiles 1.8 kg or Thermo-unstable items 5 kg
Prion-Program	Single and multiple wrapped Instruments under suspicion of carrying the danger of infection through abnormally altered proteins (e.g. Creutzfeld-Jacob, BSE); instruments with narrow Iumen (hollow body A), simple hollow items (hollow body B)	5 kg instruments 1.8 kg textiles

\*valid for Vacuklav 23 B+ and Vacuklav 31 B+

### Selecting automatic pre-heating

Automatic pre-heating is activated as standard. The automatic pre-heating function heats the sterilizer chamber to a program-specific pre-heated temperature before the program start, or holds this temperature between two program runs. This will shorten the cycle times.

### PLEASE NOTE

The sterilizer remains switched on continuously for automatic pre-heating!

To alter this setting proceed as follows:

1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function: Last batch number.

Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows:



- 2. Press the (P) key to confirm. The display shows the option currently set, e.g. pre-heating yes.
- 3. Pressing the (P) key again makes the dispaly switch to **Pre-heating** no. The pre-heating function has been deactivated.
- 4. In order to end the menu Function: autom. Pre-heating and return to the initial state, press the (S) key twice.

#### FF PLEASE NOTE

MELAG recommends activating the function automatic pre-heating.

### Starting the program

### ATTENTION

Unsupervised operation of electrical devices, including this sterilizer at the operator's risk. MELAG accepts no liability what so ever for any damage resulting from unsupervised operation.

After selecting a program using the program keys, in addition to the program selected, the display also indicates the temperature and holding time. You will also see whether the program is suitable for wrapped or unwrapped sterilization material.



Press the (S) key to start the program.
 The sterilizer checks the feed water supply and its conductivity.





If the Quick-Program S has been started, the warning Warning, only unwrapped instruments appears on the display.

If a load consists entirely of unwrapped instruments, press the (S) key again to confirm and to start the program.

### Selecting additional drying

The function **additional** drying extends the drying time by 50%. This is suitable for difficult drying tasks.

To do so, proceed as follows:

Press the keys (S) and (+) simultaneously upon starting the program. The display shows the menu Function:



The program run will now begin.

### **Program run**

After starting the program, you can follow the program run in the display. It shows the chamber temperature and pressure as well as the time until the end of sterilization and the drying time which has passed.



### Sterilization phase is ended

The display enables you to see whether the sterilization phase has already been completed successfully. The time left in the sterilization phase is shown in the display in alternation with the pressure and temperature.



### **Drying phase**

The regular drying time for the Quick-Program S: 5 minutes. For the Quick-Program B: 10 minutes and for all other programs: 20 minutes. The display will show the corresponding message during the drying phase.



The sterilizer provides excellent drying of the sterilization material. If difficult-to-dry items require better drying, you can undertake the following steps to improve drying:

- Load the sterilizer properly. e.g. stand the transparent and paper sterilization packaging upright. Observe the contents of the section "Loading the sterilizer" on page 17. Use a film bracket if necessary.
- Activate additional drying. Observe the contents of the section "Selecting additional drying" on page 21.

### **Program end**

The respective program has ended successfully. The display shows the Function menu:



Working in the "Settings" menu under Function if immediate output after program end is activated, the log of the completed program will be outputted to the activated output medium after opening the door (see Chapter 5 - Logging).

### Manual program abort

You can abort a current program in all phases. If you end the program before drying begins, the sterilization material remains **unsterile**. The program will not be classified as successfully completed.

### ATTENTION

Aborting a current program by switching off the power switch can result in the egress of hot steam from the sterile filter. This will contaminate the sterile filter.

Never abort a program by switching off at the power switch.

# $\underline{\mathbb{N}}$

### DANGER

The sterilization chamber, door and the sterilized equipment are hot. Moreover, depending on the time of the program abort, opening the door following a program abort can lead to the egress of hot steam.

Danger of burns from hot steam.

- Only remove the trays with a tray jack.
- Never touch the sterilized equipment, the sterilization chamber or the door inside with bare hands.

### Manual abort during drying

You can abort the program during the drying phase via the (S) key without the sterilizer registering a fault.

You then need to expect insufficient drying, especially in the case of wrapped sterilized equipment. Sterile storage requires sufficient drying. To ensure this, please allow programs with wrapped sterilized equipment to continue to the end of the drying phase.

Unwrapped instruments sterilized in a Quick-Program dry after being removed from their own warmth.

The drying time completed thus far is indicated on the display during the drying phase. This is performed via a change on the display.



A program abort requires the following steps:

- 1. Press the (S) key.
- 2. Confirm the following safety question Immediate removal `Stop' by pressing the (S) key repeatedly.

The display confirms the abort with Drying interrupted.



PLEASE NOTE

The safety question will be shown on the display for approx. 5 seconds. If the key is not pressed repeatedly, the program will continue with the usual program run.

After ventilation of the chamber, the display will show: Universal-Program completed successfully altering with:



If a printer or other output media is connected to the sterilizer, and the option Immediate output is set to **yes**, the warning Drying interrupted is outputted on the log.

### Manual abort before drying begins

If you end the program before drying begins, the sterilization material remains **unsterile**. The program will not be classified as successfully completed.

A program abort requires the following steps:

- 1. Press the (S) key.
- 2. Confirm the following safety question Abort program? By pressing the (S) key repeatedly.



#### PLEASE NOTE

The safety question will be shown on the display for approx. 5 seconds. If the (S) key is not pressed repeatedly, the program will continue with the usual program run.

Depending on the time of abandonment occurs a pressure relief or venting of the device. A corresponding display text appears on the display.

After the ventilation of the chamber follows the request to quit the Program abort.

The display will alternate between Abort end and Clear with '-' key.

**3.** Press the (-) key.

The display alternates between displaying the message Unlock door with '+' key and the program previously selected.

4. You can open the door after pressing the (+) key.

The log records the note "program aborted / load not sterilized."

### Displaying the daily batch counter

The last batch number of the day is shown on the display after every program run.



You can also arrange for the batch number to be displayed. To do so:

- 1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the menu Function: Last batch no.
- 2. Press the (P) key to display the current daily batch number.

To return to the basic state, press the (S) key twice.

### Displaying the total batch counter

You can arrange the display of the number of the batches previously recorded.

Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the Function menu Last batch no.

Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows:



1. Press the (P) key.

The display shows the current total number of batches.

2. To return to the basic state, press the (S) key twice.

### **Removing the sterilized equipment**



### Danger of burns

Metal parts and load are hot after the program end. Hot steam egress is possible.

Comply with the instructions regarding removal of the sterilized equipment.



### DANGER

If packaging is damaged or split during a program run, the instruments may not be sterile.

#### This can endanger the health of your patients and practice team.

Damaged or split packaging must be repackaged and re-sterilized.

You must observe the following specifications whilst removing the sterilized equipment upon a program end:

- Never use force to open the door. This could damage the sterilizer and / or result in the emission of hot steam.
- Use a tray jack to remove the tray.
- Never touch the sterilized equipment, the chamber or the inside of the door with bare hands. The components are hot.
- Check the packaging on the sterilized equipment for damage when removing it from the sterilizer.
- Should the packaging be damaged, re-pack the sterilization material and re-sterilize it.

If you remove the sterilized equipment from the sterilizer directly after the end of the program, it is possible that the instruments can be partially damp.

According to the "Arbeitskreis für Instrumentenaufbereitung" (AKI; Red Brochure; 10 Edition; S.57): "In practice, residual moisture in the form of a few drops of water capable of evaporating within 15 minutes is tolerated, but actual pools of water are not acceptable."

### Storing sterile equipment

Use only standard-conform packaging for the sterilized equipment. Do not store the sterilized instruments in the treatment room. Observe the provisions of DIN 58953, part 8 and the following criteria when storing sterilized equipment:

Observe the following criteria when selecting the storage location and duration of the sterilized equipment:

- Protected against dust e.g. in a closed instrument cupboard.
- Protected from damage to their shiny surfaces.
- Protected from significant temperature differences.
- Protected from moisture (e.g. from alcohol, disinfection fluids).
- The possible length of storage depends on the type of packaging.
- The maximum storage time is dependent on the packaging and the storage conditions. For standardconform packaged sterilized equipment (protected from dust) it can amount up to six months.

# **Chapter 5 - Logging**

### **Batch documentation**

The batch documentation acts as proof of the successful conclusion of the sterilization process and represents an obligatory part of quality control. The sterilizer internal log memory saves such data as the program type, batch and process parameters of the programme completed.

To obtain the batch documentation, you can read out the internal log memory and transfer its data to various output media. This can be performed immediately at the end of every program or at a later point, such as at the end of the day.

### Capacity of the internal log memory

The capacity of the internal log memory is sufficient for 40 logs. If the internal log memory is full, the oldest log will be overwritten automatically at the beginning of the next program.

If a log printer is connected and the option Immediate output "No" is set (see Outputting logs immediately and automatically, p. 29), a safety question will be displayed before the log is overwritten. For further information about connecting the printer, consult the operating manual of the respective device.

### **Output media**

You are able to output and archive the logs of the completed programs on the following output media. Please observe the user manual of the respective device.

- Log printer MELAprint 42/44
- MELAflash CF card printer on a CF card
- Connecting the devices to the MELAnet Box
- Computer, e.g. with the software MELAtrace/MELAview\*

\*From the device software 5.11 at least the software MELAview 3 is required.

In its state of delivery, an option for log output is not set on the sterilizer.

#### **PLEASE NOTE**

For further information of the protocoll printer (for example for the duration of for he log prinouts) please refer to the respective operating instructions.

### Using a computer as an output medium (without a network connection)

The following example shows how to use the computer as an output medium.

You can connect the sterilizer to a computer if the following conditions are fulfilled:

- ✓ The computer is either fitted with a serial interface or a USB serial adapter is connected.
- The software MELAview/MELAtrace is installed on your computer.

#### FIEASE NOTE

The MELAnet Box and the software MELAtrace/MELAview is required for integration in the practice network.

In order to be able to use a computer as an output medium, the computer must be connected to the sterilizer via the serial interface. Connect the computer to the sterilizer as follows:

- 1. Open the white cover of the serial data- and printer connection from the sterilizer.
- 2. Turn a coin by a quarter-revolution inserted in the locking slot (Fig. 4/1) on the white cover.
- 3. Take off the white cover.
- 4. Press the metal casing somewhat downwards until it engages and fold the interior metal casing to the left (Fig. 4/2).

5. Connect the sterilizer to the RS232 connection with a compatible data connection cable to the computer.

If the computer is continually connected to the sterilizer, the data connection cable of the computer is laid in the cable ducts (Fig. 4/2), the metal casing retracted and the cover is closed again.





#### Fig. 4: Connection to the sterilizer

#### Reading logs on to the computer

You can use the software MELAview or MELAsoft to read out the logs.

The following sterilizer settings are required to enable registration of the computer on the sterilizer:

- 1. Switch on the sterilizer.
- 2. Wait until the display shows the state menu.
- 3. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the Function menu Last batch no.
- 4. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows Function: Log output.
- 5. Press the (P) key to select the sub-menu Log issue output medium.
- 6. Press the (P) key again. The display shows Log issue no output medium, if a printer has not been selected.
- 7. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows:



- 8. Press the (P) key to confirm. The display returns to the menu Log issue output medium.
- 9. Press the (S) key to return to the set-up menu Function: log issue.

After repeated pressing of the (S) key, the display returns to its initial state.

#### Opening text logs with a computer

You can open and print all text logs using a text editor of every operating system or with a word processing or table calculation program.

PLEASE NOTE
Graphic logs can

Graphic logs can only be displayed with the documentation software MELA*view* (as of MELA*view* 3)/MELAtrace.

To ensure that the operating system at your computer will automatically open the text logs with a text editor, you need to connect the text logs (e.g. PRO, STL, ML etc.) to the text editor. For the meanings of the log endings see "Reading logs correctly", p. 32.

The following example of the Windows editor shows how you can link other Windows programs with a particular ending.

- 1. Double click in Windows Explorer on the log file.
- 2. Windows 7 displays the adjacent message.

ĺ	Windows
	Windows can't open this file: File: 9R0SA059.PRO
	To open this file, Windows needs to know what program you want to use to open it. Windows can go online to look it up automatically, or you can manually select from a list of programs that are installed on your computer.
	What do you want to do?
	Use the Web service to find the correct program
	Select a program from a list of installed programs
	OK Cancel

- 3. Select Select program from a list of installed programs and confirm with OK.
- Select the editor from a list of programs in the opening window. Tick the option *Always use the* selected program to open this kind of file and confirm with OK.

Open with	x
Choose the program you want to use to open this file: File: 9R0SA059.PRO	
Recommended Drograms	-
Notepad Microsoft Corporation	
Other Programs	^
Internet Explorer Microsoft Corporation Paint Microsoft Corporation	
Windows Media Center Windows Media Player Microsoft Corporation Microsoft Corporation	
Windows Photo Viewer Microsoft Corporation	
Aways use the selected program to open this kind of file	
If the program you want is not in the list or on your computer, you can <u>look for the appropriate program on the week</u> . You can also <u>remove this association</u> or <u>manage its 'Open With' menu</u> .	
OK Cancel	

You can then open text logs (e.g. PRO, STL, ML etc.) via a double-click in Windows Editor.

Alternatively, all text logs can be opened with the documentation software MELAview (as of MELAview 3)/MELAtrace.

### **Outputting logs immediately and automatically**

### **Text log**

The following requirements must be fulfilled in order to issue logs immediately after the end of a program.

- ✓ Working in the Setup menu Function: log output Immediate output is set to YES.
- ✓ At least one output medium must be selected (computer, log printer MELAprint 42/44).
- ✓ The activated output medium must be connected and initialized.

If you want to output the associated text and graphic logs automatically after the end of a program on an output medium, use the function Immediate output - yes. This is not set on the sterilizer in its state of delivery.

The options for immediate log issue upon program end are to be set in the following way:

- 1. Switch on the sterilizer at the power switch.
- 2. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function.
- The display shows the Function menu Last batch no.
- 3. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows: Function: log issue and then press the (P) key.
- 4. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows:



5. Press the (P) key, to switch between Immediate issue no / yes..

To issue logs immediately, Immediate output Yes must be set.

6. Press the (S) key to save the settings and to leave the menu. The display shows the menu Function: log issue.

Pressing the (S) key once again enables you to leave the menu and return to the display initial state.

#### ■ PLEASE NOTE

If automatic logging is unable to issue a log, for example, because the output medium activated is not connected, a warning will appear. MELAG recommends using the immediate log output function.

### **Graphic logs (optional)**

The following requirements must be fulfilled in order to issue logs immediately after the end of a program.

- ✓ Working in the Setup menu Function: Log issue the MELAnet+graphic data is selected as the output medium.
- ✓ The computer or another medium must be connected and initialized.

### Subsequent log output

It is possible to issue logs subsequently and independently of the time of the end of the program. You can choose whether all or only the saved logs (up to 40) are to be printed. Use the output media connected for this task e.g. the log printer.

### **Printing selected logs**

To print the subsequently selected logs of a particular program proceed as follows:

- 1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the menu Function: Last batch no.
- 2. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows: Function: log issue and then press the (P) key.

The menu Log issue - output medium is displayed.

- 3. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows: Last cycle output No. 40 (as example no. 40).
- 4. Press the (+) key. The current log number flashes.
- 5. To issue a log or another cycle, navigate to the desired number using the (+) or (-) keys until you have reached the following number eg. In this case, no. 25.
- 6. Press the (P) key in order to start the selected program. The display shows the Function menu.

After a successful output, the display returns to its previous setting Output last cycle:



Repeat the last three steps in order to issue further logs.

- 7. Press the (S) key to leave the sub-menu without outputting the log.
- 8. Press the (S) key to leave the menu after having outputted the log. The display shows the menu Function: log issue.

Repeated pressing of the (S) key enables you to leave the menu entirely and return to the display basic state.

### Printing all saved logs

Proceed as follows to issue all the saved logs subsequently:

- 1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function.
  - The display shows the Function menu Last batch no.
- 2. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows: log issue and then press the (P) key.
- 3. Navigate with the (+) or (-) key until the display shows: output stored cycles.
- Press the (P) key in order to start the selected program. Once the issue has been performed, the display will show:



Press the (S) key to leave the sub-menu without issuing the log.



PLEASE NOTE

A termination **during** the output on the log printer is only possible by disconnecting the instrument at the mains switch or interrupting the power supply of the printer.

When switching the device off by disconnecting the mains switch, then wait three seconds before switching on again.

5. Press the (S) key to leave the menu. The display shows the set-up menu Function: Log output.

Repeated pressing of the (S) key enables you to leave the menu entirely and return to the display basic state.

### **Displaying the log memory**

If a printer or other output medium is connected and initialized, you can check how many logs have already been saved in the sterilizer log memory.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the Function menu Last batch no.
- 2. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows: log issue and then press the (P) key.
- 3. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows:



Press the (S) key twice to leave the menu.

### Deleting logs in the internal log memory

Delete the saved logs manually to suppress warning messages, e.g. Log memory full with the option **Immediate** output set. The following example shows how to delete all the logs saved.

- 1. Press the (+) and (-) keys simultaneously to select the set-up menu Function. The display shows the Function menu Last batch no.
- 2. Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows: log issue and then press the (P) key.

Navigate in the Function menu using the (+) or (-) keys until the display shows:



- 3. Press the (P) key to delete all logs.
- 4. To cancel the set-up menu without deleting, press the (S) key.
- 5. Press the (P) key to leave the menu after having deleted it. The display shows the menu Function: Log output.

Repeated pressing of the (S) key enables you to leave the menu entirely and return to the display basic state.

### **Reading logs correctly**

Log type	File ending	Explanation
text protocol	.PRO	Log of a successfully completed program.
Malfunction log	.STR	Log of a successfully completed program.
Graphic log	.GPD	Program run displayed as a graphic curve.
Standby log	.STB	Log for faults in standby.
Demo log	.DEM	Protocols of a simulated program. No real sterilization will be performed!
Demo graphic log	.DEG	Simulated program run displayed as a graphic curve. No real sterilization will be performed!

### Log head

The head of the program log comprises the general basic information regarding the program run. This includes date, the program selected, the daily batch number and the sterilizer type.

#### Program step values

The phases of the program run are recorded whilst it runs and the values for steam pressure, temperature and time (related to the program start) are recorded.

### Summary

The summary indicates whether the program has been completed successful. The values of the sterilization time recorded, the sterilization temperature and the pressure (including the maximum deviation) are also displayed.

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#### Table 1: Example for a text log of a successfully completed program

MEIAC Vacuklay 21-P	 Sterilizer type
MELAG VACURIAV SI-B	
Program: Universal-Program 134°C wrapped	Program started
Date: 24/03/2015	Current day
Time: 09:14:19 (Start)	Time of program start
Batch no.: 2	Daily batch number
SN: 201531-B1541	Serial number
Pre-heating 127.5 °C	Pre-heating temperature
AIN6: Conductivity 15 µS/cm	Feed water Conductivity
Program step Pressure Temperat	. Time Program step values
bar °C	min
Start 0.00 77.0 0	00:01
1.Fractionating	Program stage phases with the associated values
Evacuation -0.92 58.2 02	i for pressure, temperature and time (relative to the
Steam inlet 1.00 108.7 (	04:53 program start)
2.Fractionating	· 4 E
Evacuation $-0.82$ /1.3 06 Steam inlet 1.00 109.2 (	· 45 08·33
3 Fractionating	
Evacuation -0.82 66.7 10	:35
Steam inlet 0.41 109.3	12:24
Pressure build-up 2.05 134.0	14:40
Steril. Begin 2.05 134.0	14:40
Steril. End 2.19 135.9 2	20:10
Pressure reduc. 0.14 105.2 2	20:55
Vacuum-drying	
Drying pump -0.31 94.4 21	1:03
Drying pressure -0.91 75.1 23	3:01
+49 -0.91 85.9 25 01 99	
+49 -0.92 84.3 27 01 99	
+49 -0.93 81.4 29 01 99	
+49 = 0.93 79.2 31 01 99	
+49 - 0.94 76.3 35 01 99	
+49 - 0.94 75.4 37 01 99	
+49 -0.94 74.5 39 01 99	
+49 -0.94 73.9 41 01 99	
Drying end -0.86 73.8	41:03
+49 -0.29 77.3 41 12 99	
End 0.00 79.2 41	1:24
	Summary
	D Control monore
PROGRAM SUCCESSFULLI COMPLETEI	Control message
Temperature 135.6 +0.4 /-0.3 °C	Median sterilization temperature with max.
Pressure: 2.17 +0.03/-0.03 bar	Median sterilization pressure with max. deviations
Sterilization time: 5 min 30 s	Sterilization time maintained
Time: 09:55:43 (end)	Time upon program end
32 201501541 5.15 5.05	Information with total batch counter, factory

# **Chapter 6 – Functional checks**

### Automatic functional checks

The electronic parameter control subjects the interaction of the sterilization-relevant parameters pressure, temperature and time to constant automatic monitoring. The sterilizer process evaluation system compares the process parameters during the program with each other and monitors them in terms of their threshold values. The sterilizer monitoring system checks the device components for their functionality and their plausible interaction. Should the parameters exceed pre-set threshold values, the sterilizer emits warning messages or malfunction messages. If necessary, it interrupts the program with appropriate information. When the program has ended successfully, the corresponding message will be issued on the display.

### Manual functional checks

You can follow the program run on the display via the values displayed there. You can also use the logs recorded for every program to determine the success of a program (see **Chapter 5 - Logging**).

### **Batch-related checks**

### Helix test body system MELAcontrol / MELAcontrol PRO

The Helix test body system is an indicator and batch control system fulfilling the requirements of DIN EN 867-5. It consists of a test body, the Helix and an indicator strip.

If sterilizing category "critical B" instruments, you should add the MELA*control*/PRO test body to every sterilization cycle as a batch control.

Regardless of this, you can perform a steam penetration test at any time using MELA*control*/ MELA*control* PRO in the Universal-Program.

Intended use of the Helix test body can result in the colouration of the plastic surface. This colouration exercises no influence on the functionality of the Helix test body.

### Vacuum test

The test serves to determine leaks in the sterilizer. The leakage rate is determined in the process. Conduct a vacuum test in the following situations:

- Once weekly in routine operations.
- During commissioning.
- Following longer operating pauses.
- Following a malfunction (e.g. in the vacuum system).

Perform the vacuum test with the sterilizer in a cold and dry state as follows:

- 1. Switch on the device at the mains switch. The display switches to its initial state.
- 2. Press the (P) key until the display shows Vacuum test.
- 3. Close the door.
- 4. Press the (S) key to start the vacuum-program.

The evacuation pressure and the equilibration time or measuring times are shown on the display. The chamber will be ventilated after the end of the measuring time (corresponding message on the display). Then the message will be shown on the display with an indication of the leakage rate. Should the leakage rate be too high e.g. over 1.3 mbar, a corresponding message will be issued on the display. Following a successful test program, the current daily batch number is displayed, alternating with the message Clear with '+'. You can open the door after pressing the (+) key.

#### EF PLEASE NOTE

If a log printer or another output medium is connected and the setting immediate output is set, a log printout will be issued at the same time.

### **Bowie & Dick test**

The Bowie & Dick test serves as proof of the steam penetration of porous materials such as textiles. Specialist stockists provide various test systems for the Bowie & Dick test. Perform the test according to the test system manufacturer information.



How to start the Bowie & Dick test program:

- 1. Switch on the device at the power switch.
- 2. Select the Bowie & Dick test using the (P) key.
- 3. Press the (S) key to start the Bowie & Dick test .

Following a successful test program, the current daily batch number is displayed, alternating with the message Clear with '+'. You can open the door after pressing the (+) key.



#### PLEASE NOTE

If a log printer or another output medium is connected and the setting immediate output is set, a log printout will be issued at the same time.



#### PLEASE NOTE

Treatment indicator strips often exhibit differing intensities in the colour change indicating a different length of storage of the manufacturer batches or other influences. Of crucial importance for evaluating the Bowie & Dick test is not the strength of contrast in the colour change on the test sheet, but its even nature.

If the treatment strips/treatment indicator sheet indicates an equal distribution of colour change, the air-removal of the sterilization chamber is without fault.

If the treatment indicator strips or the treatment indicator sheets are uncoloured or exhibit less colour in the centre of the star in comparison to the end, air-removal was insufficient. In such a case, please consult the stockist customer services / MELAG customer services.

### Checking the quality of the feed water

You can access the water quality on the display at any time during a current program when the sterilizer is switched on.



To do so, hold the (-) key depressed until the display shows the conductivity. The conductivity is displayed in  $\mu$ S/cm.

As soon as you have released the (-) key, the display returns to its previous state (e.g. initial state).

### Check pre-heating temperature of the chamber

If pre-heating is activated, the sterilizer will warm the cold chamber or will maintain the temperature between two sterilization runs. This reduces program times and reduces the accretion of condensation, thus improving drying results.

After having pressed the (-) key shortly once, hold depressed the second time. Instead of displaying the conductivity, you will see the chamber pre-heating temperature.



# **Chapter 7 - Maintenance**

### **Checks and cleaning**

### Door seal, chamber, chamber sealing face, mount, trays

Check the chamber, including the door seal and chamber sealing face and the load mount once a week for impurities, deposits or damage. If you find any impurities, remove the trays or cartridges from the chamber from the front. Clean the soiled components.

When cleaning the chamber, load brackets and chamber seal face, please observe the following:

- Switch off the sterilizer before cleaning and remove the plug from the socket.
- Ensure that the chamber is not hot.
- Use a soft, non-fuzzing cloth.
- Use a chlorine- and vinegar-free cleaning fluid.
- First soak the cloth with the cleaning alcohol or spirit and attempt to remove the impurities with this method.
- Only if the chamber, mount or chamber seal face has persistent soiling should you use a mild stainless steel cleaning agent, with a pH value between 5 and 8.
- To clean the door seal, use a neutral liquid cleaning agent.
- > You should not allow cleaning fluid to enter the piping coming from the sterilizer chamber.
- Do not use any hard objects such as metal saucepan cleaner or a steel brush.

### ATTENTION

Inappropriately performed cleaning can lead to the scratching of and damage of surfaces and the development of leaks in sealing surfaces. This creates conditions favourable to dirt deposits and corrosion in the sterilization chamber.

Comply with all information regarding cleaning of the part affected.

### Internal storage tank

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#### PLEASE NOTE

Ensure that all soiling is removed from the chamber using a cloth. Do not leave any residue. If soiling particles are loosened but not removed, they can enter the dirt particle filter (integrated in the drainage hose) when the waste water tank is emptied.

# Failure to comply could impair the life-expectancy of the dirt particle filter and necessitate short-term replacement.

Should you decide upon manual supply of the feed water via the internal storage tank, check the feed water side (the right-hand side) for soiling whilst refilling. If necessary, use a cloth and fresh feed water to clean the storage tank before filling.

Clean the waste water side (left chamber) of the internal storage tank every two weeks.

Empty both chambers of the storage tank as follows:

- **1.** Remove the filling funnel.
- 2. Connect the effluent hose on a quick coupling (left: waste water tank, right: feed water tank) until this snaps in.
- 3. Discharge the water into a container with min. volume of 5 litres.
- 4. Repeat the procedure for the other chamber if necessary.
- 5. Insert the filling funnel again.

Press the grey unlocking key on the quick coupling to remove the effluent hose. The hose will free itself from the coupling on its own.

ATTENTION
 When removing the quick coupling, please observe:

- To empty the reservoir, stand in front of the connection to one side.
- Hold the hose with one hand whilst pressing the grey unlocking key on the quick coupling with the other. This dampens the spring force of the seal.

Failure to observe these provisions can result in injury.

### **Avoiding staining**

Only after cleaning instruments properly prior to sterilization is it possible to avoid residue from the load or the instrument treatment from being released during sterilization. Loosened dirt residue (e.g. from disinfectants) can clog the sterilizer filter, nozzles and valves and deposit themselves on the instruments and chamber as deposits and stains (see Preparing the sterilization material, p. 16).

All steam-conducting parts of the sterilizer consist of non-rusting material. This rules out the possibility of stain or rust development being caused by the sterilizer. The development of rust is always extraneous rust.

Incorrect instrument treatment can result in the accretion of rust even on stainless steel instruments of leading manufacturers. Often, an instrument which drops rust can suffice to cause the development of rust on another instrument or in the sterilizer.

Remove foreign rust from the instruments using chlorine-free stainless steel cleaning fluid (see Checks and cleaning, p. 37) or send the damaged instrument to the manufacturer.

### **Replacing the door seal**

The door seal may not be greased or oiled. It should be kept clean and dry. If the door seal becomes worn and looses form, it must be replaced. Otherwise, this could result in leaks which will enable steam egress, or too high a leakage rate in the vacuum test.

Proceed as follows to replace the door seal:

1. Open the sterilizer door and remove the old door seal.



2. Insert the new door seal in the groove of the door plate.





#### 🕼 PLEASE NOTE

Ensure you observe the different breadths of the seal faces. The door can only be shut correctly and the chamber sealed, if the door seal sits correctly in the groove.

### Replacing or sterilizing the sterile filter

The sterile filter must be replaced regularly within the scope of the maintenance. Given the incidence of a malfunction and the malfunction message "Malfunction 32: power outage/sterilize sterile filter, the sterile filter should either be replaced or sterilized.

### ATTENTION

Only ever operate the steam sterilizer with a sterile filter inserted.

### Changing the sterile filter

1. Remove the sterile filter by turning and pulling it from the holding sockets simultaneously.



- 2. Replace the sterile filter or sterilize the current sterile filter as described under the point "Sterilizing the sterile filter".
- 3. Exert a little pressure on the sterile filter and turn to insert it into the holding sockets.



### Sterilizing the sterile filter

- 1. Remove the sterile filter by turning and pulling it from the holding sockets simultaneously.
- 2. Slide a perforated tray into the steam sterilizer and place the sterile filter vertically on the tray. Ensure that the sterile filter does not fall over, otherwise the condensate will not be able to drain away correctly.



- 3. Start the Gentle-Program.
- 4. Remove the sterile filter from the device after the program end and allow it to cool for min. 15 minutes.
- 5. Exert a little pressure on the sterile filter and turn to insert it into the holding sockets.

С

### Cleaning the filter in the chamber

- 1. Unscrew and remove the filter (anti-clockwise) from the opening to check and clean it.
- 2. Rinse the filter with water to clean.
- 3. Screw in the filter into the opening in a clockwise direction.

Unscrew the chamber filter (b) using the chamber filter wrench (c) included in the scope of delivery.



Fig. 5 Unscrew the filter of the chamber

### Maintenance

ATTENTION

Continuing operation despite maintenance messages can result in malfunctions in the sterilizer.

- Maintenance should only be performed by trained customer services technicians, or stockist technicians. Consult your stockist or the nearest MELAG customer services point.
- Maintain the specified servicing intervals.

Regular maintenance is vital to ensure reliable operation and value retention of the sterilizer. All function and safety-relevant components and electrical units are checked during maintenance and replaced where necessary. Maintenance should be performed after every 1000 program cycles or 2 years. The sterilizer will issue a maintenance message at the relevant time.

# **Chapter 8 – Operating pauses**

### **Sterilization times**

Pause times between individual programs are not necessary. After the end or abort of the drying time and removal of the sterilized equipment, you can load the sterilizer again and start the sterilizer afresh.

### **Operating pauses**

Depending on the duration of the operating pauses, the following measures must be maintained:

Duration of the operating pause	Measure		
between two sterilizations, longer than one hour	<ul> <li>Switch off sterilizer (saves energy).</li> </ul>		
overnight or on the weekend	Switch off sterilizer.		
	<ul> <li>Leave the door ajar to prevent a sticking of the door seal.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Close, if available, the water feed of the water treatment unit.</li> </ul>		
Longer than two weeks	Perform vacuum test.		
	<ul> <li>Then perform an empty sterilization with the Quick Program (see Chapter 6 – Functional checks).</li> </ul>		

After pauses, perform the checks described in Chapter 6 – Functional checks depending on the length of pause.

### Decommissioning

When decommissioning the sterilizer for a long pause (e.g. due to holiday or planned transport), proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch off the sterilizer at the power switch.
- 2. Remove the plug from the socket.
- **3.** Empty both chambers of the storage tank.
- 4. Close the water inflow if you are using a water treatment unit.



Please comply with the technical manual. This contains all building-side requirements.

### **Recommissioning after relocation**

When recommissioning after a move, proceed as with the first commissioning (see Chapter 3 – Initial start-up).

# **Chapter 9 – Description of function**

### The sterilization procedure

The sterilizer sterilizes on the basis of the fractionated vacuum procedure. This guarantees the complete and effective wetting / penetration of the sterilization material with saturated steam. This option enables the sterilization of loads common to a doctor's practice or clinic.

The sterilizer uses a separate steam generator to generate the sterilization steam. Steam is generated upon program start and led into the sterilization chamber. This establishes a pre-defined pressure and temperature.

The sterilization material is dried using a vacuum (vacuum drying). This brings the best drying results even when using wrapped sterilization material.

### Type of the feed water supply

The sterilizer works with a feed water one-way system. This means that it uses fresh feed water for each sterilization procedure. The quality of the feed water is subject to permanent monitoring via an integrated conductivity sensor.

### Internal process monitoring

The sterilizer electronics has an integrated process evaluation system. It compares the process parameters (such as temperature, time and pressure) during a program run. This means that the door cannot be opened during excess pressure in the sterilization chamber. The sterilization chamber is protected against overheating and the total operating time of a program is optimized in dependence on the load.

It monitors the parameters in terms of their threshold values during control and regulation and guarantees safe and successful sterilization. If one or more parameters depart from the threshold values determined, the sterilizer issues warning or malfunction messages and if necessary, aborts the program.

### **Programs**

#### **Program sequence**

#### Regular sterilization program

Program phase	Description
1. Air-removal phase	During the air-removal phase, air is removed repeatedly until a program- independent pressure has been reached. This is performed in alternation with steam injection until a low over-pressure has been reached. Depending on the program selected and the current chamber temperature upon program start, further fractionations can also follow.
2. Heating phase	The heating phase follows the ventilation phase. The continued steam admittance into the chamber leads to an increase in pressure and temperature which continues until the sterilization parameters have been reached.
3. Sterilization phase	After the sterilization parameters pressure and temperature have been met, the sterilization phase begins.
4. Drying phase	The drying phase begins after the pressure release. Chamber ventilation and simultaneous pressure equalization is performed at the end of drying.
5. Ventilation	Once the program has come to an end, the chamber pressure is adapted to the ambient pressure. The corresponding display message "ventilation" is displayed.

#### Vacuum test

Program phase	Description
1. Evacuation	The chamber will be evacuated until the pressure for the vacuum test has been reached.
2. Equilibration time	An equilibration time of five minutes will follow.
3. Measuring time	The measurement time amounts to ten minutes. The pressure increase within the chamber is measured within the measurement time. The evacuation pressure and the equilibration time or measuring times are shown on the display.
3. Ventilation	The chamber is ventilated after the end of the measuring time. Then the message will be shown on the display with an indication of the leakage rate. Should the leakage rate be too high (i.e. over 1.3 mbar), this will also be indicated on the display.
4. Test end	Following a successful test program, the current daily batch number is displayed, alternating with the message Clear with '+'. You can open the door after pressing the (+) key.

### **Overview of the Sterilization programs**

The results in this table show which inspections were performed on the sterilizer. Fields marked show compliance with all applicable sections of the standard DIN EN 13060.

Type tests	Universal- Program	Quick- Program B	Quick- Program S	Gentle- Program	Prion- Program
Program type in accordance with DIN EN 13060	Туре В	Туре В	Type S	Туре В	Туре В
Dynamic pressure test of the sterilization chamber	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
Air leakage	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Empty chamber test	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Solid load	Х	Х	х	Х	Х
Porous partial load	Х			Х	Х
Porous partial load	Х			Х	Х
simple hollow items (hollow body B)			Х		
Instruments with narrow lumen (hollow body A)	X	Х		Х	X
Single wrapping	Х	Х		Х	Х
Multiple wrapping	Х			Х	Х
Drying, massive load	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Drying, porous load	Х			Х	Х

### **Overview of programs**

### **MAIN** menu



### MELAG



# **Chapter 10 – Malfunctions**

### Warnings

Warning messages are not malfunction messages. They help to ensure malfunction-free operation and to recognize undesirable situations. Observe these warnings early in order to avoid malfunctions.

### Malfunction message

Warnings and malfunction messages are issued on the display with an event number. This number serves identification purposes.

Malfunction messages are issued when it is not possible to ensure safe operation or safety of sterilization. These can appear on the display shortly after switching on the sterilizer or while a program is running.

If a malfunction occurs during a program run, the program will be aborted.



DANGER
 Aborting a program before the drying phase means that the load is unsterile.
 This endangers the health of your patients and practice team.

If necessary, repack the load and repeat the sterilization for the sterilization material affected.

### Before you call customer service

Ensure that you have complied with all instructions relating to a warning or malfunction message issued by the display of the sterilizer. The following table contains a summary of the most important events. The events contain possible causes and the corresponding operator information.

Should you be unable to find the relevant event, or your efforts do not redress the problem, you can contact your nearest stockist or an authorized customer services/stockist technician. To enable us to give the best possible service, please have your sterilizer serial number and a detailed description of the fault contained in the malfunction message to hand.

### **General events**

Event	Possible causes	What you can do
Empty display	No current (2 points)	Check the power plug for its correct position in the socket.
		Check the electricity supply on the socket.
		Change the device fuses on the lower sterilizer front if necessary (see page 9/10). To do so, see Changing the device fuses, p. 57.
You cannot open the door	The door seal sticks to the seal face.	Switch on the sterilizer, confirm with the (+) key and pull strongly on the door.
Too high feed water consumption	The sterilizer is loaded incorrectly.	Comply with the prescribed load quantity (see Loading the sterilizer, p. 17).
	The sterilizer is not set-up correctly.	Check for the correct set-up of the sterilizer. If necessary, increase the slope of the device feet by unscrewing them by max. two revolutions.
	Condensate reflux is prevented.	Remove any instruments, filter paper or other objects which have fallen onto the chamber floor.
Bad drying results	The sterilizer is loaded incorrectly.	Comply with the prescribed load quantity (see Loading the sterilizer, p. 17). The textiles may not have direct contact with the chamber wall and floor.
	The sterilizer is not set-up correctly.	Check for the correct set-up of the sterilizer. If necessary, increase the slope of the device feet by unscrewing them by max. two revolutions.
	Condensate reflux is prevented or blocked,	Remove any instruments, filter paper or other objects which have fallen onto the chamber floor.
		Check the chamber filter and condensate reflux filter for blockage.
		Activate the pre-heating (see Selecting automatic pre-heating, p. 20).
		Activate additional drying (see Selecting additional drying, p. 21).

Events	Possible causes	What you can do	
Warning, door open and	Door contact is not closed	Press down the slide locking grip	
Start not possible	upon start.	downwards to its fullest extent.	
Warning no feed water / refill feed water - start not possible	Only with feed water supply from an internal storage tank: Insufficient feed water in the internal storage tank.	Check the fill level of the feed water in the internal storage tank; if necessary, fill the feed water up to the MAX mark.	
Attention no feed water/	The warning will be	Feed water via the internal storage tank	
check the feed water inflow	displayed after a program start. The installed flow monitor does not close.	Should this message appear repeatedly, arrange for an inspection by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.	
		Feed water supply from the MEL <i>dem</i> 40:	
		Check the water treatment unit; open the inflow to the unit if necessary.	
		Should this message appear repeatedly, arrange for an inspection by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.	
		Feed water supply from the MEL <i>dem</i> 47:	
		Check the water treatment unit; open the inflow to the unit if necessary. Should this message be repeatedly issued with an empty pressure accumulator after c. 1 hour new start, arrange for an inspection of the water treatment unit by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.	
		<b>PLEASE NOTE!</b> This message can be issued following commissioning/ recommissioning, as the pipe system is still empty. Repeat the start.	
Poor feed water/replace the cartridge or module	Feed water conductivity too high.	Start through repeated depressing of the (S) key still possible	
	Conductivity 40 µS/cm.	Feed water supply from:	
	Mixed-bed resin exhausted.	MELA <i>dem</i> 40:	
		Change the mixed-bed resin, see operating manual for the water treatment unit MELA <i>dem</i> 40.	
	Mixed-bed resin in	MELA <i>dem</i> 47:	
	subsequent ion exchanger (3rd cartridge) exhausted.	Change the mixed-bed resin, see operating manual for the water treatment unit MELA <i>dem</i> 47 and check the treatment unit.	
		On repeated occurrence, arrange for maintenance to be performed by MELAG customer service / the customer service of your stockist. The pre-filter and active coal filter may need to be changed.	



Event	Possible causes	What you can do
Poor feed water/replace	Mixed-bed resin in reverse-	Other water treatment unit:
the cartridge or module	osmosis unit exhausted.	Change the module / resin cartridge according to the manufacturer's operating manual.
		Upon repeated occurrence.
		<b>PLEASE NOTE</b> ! Perform a program start after finishing the work outlined above. This warning can be issued upon the initial start after maintenance of the water treatment unit, as the inflow hose has not rinsed the measurement cell fully with fresh water.
Insufficient quality of feed	Feed water conductivity too	Start no longer possible:
water / start not possible	high. Conductivity 65 μS/cm	See warning message "Poor feed water/replace the cartridge or module."
Please wait The chamber is warming	This display appears during the program start phase. The sterilizer has not yet reached the starting temperature.	The sterilizer starts automatically after the starting temperature has been reached.
Warning / change sterile	Min./Max. pressure is	Replace the sterile filter.
filter	exceeded / undercut during	PLEASE NOTE The message comes at
	The sterile filter is soiled or torn.	the end of the program and in the last line of the log print-out.
Output medium is not ready	The sterilizer is operating without an output medium, but one has been registered.	In the menu log issue, set the option no output medium.
	The output medium has not been connected properly	Check the correct connection of the data cable to the sterilizer and the output medium.
	The electricity supply to the printer has been interrupted. The printer is "offline".	Check the electricity supply. The red LED "P" on the log printer MELA <i>print</i> 42/44 must be illuminated.
		Set the printer to "online" (press the "SEL" key on the MELA <i>print</i> 42/44, the "SEL" LED must illuminate green).
Log memory full	The device-internal log memory is full (max. 40 logs possible).	The message is displayed upon program start. Repeated pressing of the (S) key removes the message and the program starts. The oldest log will be deleted in the process.
	An output medium has been registered and the option Immediate issue – no has been set in the Log issue menu.	Set sterilizer to Immediate output yes (see Outputting logs immediately and automatically, p. 29). Delete the logs in the internal log memory (see Deleting logs in the internal log memory, p. 31), If necessary, output all the saved logs beforehand (see Printing all saved logs, p. 30).
		Unregister the output medium in the Log issue menu and set the option No output medium.

Event	Possible causes	What you can do
Carry out maintenance	The maintenance message has been activated and the	This message is displayed upon every program start.
	device has reached the pre- set number of charges.	Repeated pressing of the (S) key removes the message and the program starts.
		Press the (S) key twice.
		Arrange for maintenance to be performed by the MELAG customer services / your specialist stockist customer services
		<b>PLEASE NOTE!</b> The maintenance counter is to be reset by customer services
Test not successful Rate of leakage: 3.2	The leakage rate determined during the vacuum test lies	Check that the door seal and chamber flange are clean and clean if necessary.
over the maximum permissible value of mbar.	over the maximum permissible value of 1.3 mbar. The door seal, chamber	Control the door seal for wear, change if necessary (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).
	flange is soiled.	Repeat the vacuum test with an entirely cold device (see Vacuum test, p. 34).
	The door seal is set incorrectly.	Check the door seal for its correct position (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).
		Repeat the vacuum test with an entirely cold device (see Vacuum test, p. 34).
Warning Battery empty	Monitoring of the internal battery voltage has returned too low a value.	The battery is to be changed by an authorized customer services/stockist technician.

### Fault messages

Event	Possible causes	What you can do
F01	The door seal and/or the seal face on the sterilization chamber is soiled or the door seal is defective.	Check the door seal and the seal face on the sterilization chamber for soiling and foreign bodies and clean them if necessary. Check the door seal for defects and replace if necessary (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).
	The door seal was not inserted correctly.	Check whether the door seal has been inserted correctly (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38). Insert the new door seal in the groove in such a way that the wider seal face points towards the side of the sterilization chamber.
	The sterilization chamber is too hot or too damp.	Allow the steam sterilizer to cool and rub the sterilization chamber dry with a non- fuzzing cloth. <b>PLEASE NOTE!</b> The sterilization chamber must be dry and cold to ensure a successful vacuum test.
	The incline to the steam sterilizer is too flat.	Check the incline of the steam sterilizer to the rear. Complete condensate drainage from the chamber is only possible with a sufficient rearwards incline.
		Starting with the device in a level position, the fore device feet are to be extended to the following extent: Vacuklav 23 B+: min. 5 rotations, Vacuklav 31 B+: 3 rotations.
	The condensate is not able to flow out the sterilization chamber to the rear.	Screw out the "Condensate return" and the "Vacuum" chamber filter (directly under the floor of the sterilization chamber at the front) and check whether they are soiled/blocked. Clean the chamber filter if necessary (see Cleaning the filter in the chamber, p. 40).
	The surrounding temperature of the steam sterilizer is too hot.	The ambient temperature must amount to < 40°C. We recommend a maximum temperature of 25 °C.
	The minimum clearance to the surrounding surfaces has not been maintained.	Maintain a minimum clearance to the surrounding surfaces (see information in the technical manual). The device may only be installed if sufficient ventilation can be guaranteed.
	The outlet opening of the evaporator coil in the left-hand chamber of the storage tank (waste water side) is impeded.	<ol> <li>Check the outlet opening of the evaporator coil as follows:</li> <li>Remove the tank lid from the internal storage tank.</li> <li>Remove the filling funnel if present.</li> <li>Check whether the outlet opening of the evaporator coil at the front underneath the tank lid is blocked or the rubber cover obscures the opening.</li> </ol>

Event	Possible causes	What you can do
F02	The steam sterilizer is overloaded.	Comply with the maximum permissible load quantities (see Loading the sterilizer, p. 17).
	The incline to the steam sterilizer is too flat.	Check the incline of the steam sterilizer to the rear. Complete condensate drainage from the sterilization chamber is only possible with a sufficient rearwards incline.
		Starting with the device in a level position, the fore device feet are to be extended to the following extent: Vacuklav 23 B+: min. 5 rotations, Vacuklav 31 B+: 3 rotations.
	The mains voltage is too low, poor building voltage supply (e.g. undersized installation, defective socket, multiple devices on a single socket/fuse) so that the steam generator cannot heat up.	Check the building socket / test the steam sterilizer using a different socket or circuit.
F04	The chamber filter "Condensate return" is blocked.	Screw out the "Condensate return" chamber filter (in the rear area of the chamber floor) and check whether it is soiled/blocked. Clean the chamber filter if necessary (see Cleaning the filter in the chamber, p. 40).
F06	The sterile filter is blocked.	<ol> <li>Check whether the sterile filter suction aperture (centre aperture) on the rear panel of the steam sterilizer is blocked. If yes, replace the sterile filter (see Replacing or sterilizing the sterile filter, p. 39).</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>If nothing can be recognized, remove the sterile filter on the rear panel of the steam sterilizer and perform a program run without a load. If the program has been ended successfully, the sterile filter is blocked. In this case, replace the sterile filter.</li> </ol>
F08	The internal device time monitoring is defective.	Check the building-side socket / test the steam sterilizer using a different socket or circuit or connect to a mains filter. Upon repeated incidence, arrange for an electrician to check the electricity supply for electromagnetic disruption.
F09	The door has not been closed correctly upon program start.	Close the door correctly and start the program again. <b>PLEASE NOTE!</b> To shut the door correctly, press it against the steam sterilizer lightly and slide the locking slider downwards to its fullest extent.
	An attempt was made to open the door during a program run.	Do not attempt to open the door during a program run.
F10	The overheat control of the steam generator has triggered.	Allow the steam sterilizer to cool for c. 2 minutes and then restart the program.
		<b>PLEASE NOTE!</b> This notification can be issued if a program is started immediately after a malfunction or a program abort.
F12	The door has not been closed correctly.	To shut the door correctly, press it against the steam sterilizer lightly and slide the locking slider downwards to its fullest extent.
	The locking pin for the door is stiff.	Open the door, switch off the steam sterilizer and press in the locking pin by hand. The pin must be free-moving. If necessary, clean the locking pin.

Event	Possible causes	What you can do	
F14	When using the internal storage tank:		
	Insufficient feed water in the right-hand chamber of the internal storage tank.	Check the water level of the feed water in the right-hand chamber of the internal storage tank and refill with feed water if necessary.	
	Residual air in the feed system after filling the storage tanks.	Acknowledge the malfunction message and start the program repeatedly until the malfunction message is no longer displayed.	
	If the notification is displayed despite a full tank, the float switch is blocked.	Check the float switch as follows:	
		<ol> <li>Remove the tank lid from the storage tank.</li> <li>Remove the filling funnel if present.</li> </ol>	
		3. Move the float in the right-hand chamber of the storage tank (feed water side from below in the tank) up and down repeatedly to restore its free- movement.	
	When using a MELAG water treatment unit:		
	Residual air is in the feed system of the water treatment unit after initial commissioning or after replacing the mixed-bed resin cartridge.	Acknowledge the malfunction message and start the program repeatedly until the malfunction message is no longer displayed.	
	The pressure tank of the MELAdem 47 is not sufficiently filled.	Please note that after initial commissioning of a MELAdem 47 it takes c. 1 hour until the pressure tank is sufficiently full with water.	
	The water inflow tap is not open or the pressure tank of the MELAdem 47 is closed.	Check whether the water inflow tap for the water treatment unit is open. When using a MELAdem 47, check whether the tap on the pressure tank is open.	
	When using a central water treatment unit:		
	The central water supply is interrupted or the flow pressure is insufficient.	Check whether all inflow valves from the central system to the steam sterilizer are open. Arrange for an inspection of the flow pressure of the central water treatment unit via a flow pressure gauge (min. 0.5 bar at 5 l/min).	
F18	Malfunction on the specified sensor input	Upon repeated incidence, contact an authorized customer services/stockist technician.	
	With "Malfunction 18 sensor: 6 Input: 6" an excessively high conductivity of the feed water supply can be measured.	Check whether the water used as feed water actually corresponds to the required quality or e.g. tap water has been used. The feed water must fulfil the quality requirements of DIN EN 13060, appendix C. If tap water has been used, restart the steam sterilizer 2-3 times so as to flush out the tap water from the system.	

Event	Possible causes	What you can do	
F25	Very poor feed water quality (conductivity $\geq$ 65 µS).		
	When using the internal storage tank:		
	Water of insufficient quality e.g. tap water was used.	Empty and clean the right-hand chamber of the internal storage tank (feed water side) and fill it with water of the required quality (DIN EN 13060, Appendix C).	
	When using a MELAG water treatment unit:		
	MELAdem 40: The mixed-bed resin cartridge is exhausted.	MELAdem 40: Replace the mixed-bed resin cartridge in accordance with the applicable operating manual.	
	MELAdem 47: The mixed-bed resin cartridge, the pre-filter or the activated coal filter is exhausted.	MELAdem 47: Replace the mixed-bed resin cartridge and if necessary, the pre-filter and activated carbon filter in accordance with the applicable operating manual. Empty the pressure tank (if possible until it is half full) and wait until it has been filled again. An empty pressure tank requires c. 1 hour to fill. <b>PLEASE NOTE!</b> The notification may also continue to be shown after the filter has been changed until the water remaining in the pressure tank has been consumed.	
F28	Insufficient battery voltage in the device.	Arrange for the battery to be replaced by MELAG customer services/stockist customer services.	
F29	Data loss in the internal device memory. Insufficient voltage of the device battery.	<ol> <li>Acknowledge the malfunction message and then reset the date and time (see Setting the date and time, p. 14).</li> <li>Start the program again</li> </ol>	
		2. Start the program again.	
F31	During the vacuum test, the permissible maximum pressure was exceeded after the evacuation pressure had been achieved (serious leak). The sterilization chamber is too hot or too damp.	Allow the steam sterilizer to cool and rub the sterilization chamber dry with a non- fuzzing cloth. <b>PLEASE NOTE!</b> The sterilization chamber must be dry and cold to ensure a successful vacuum test.	
	The door seal and/or the seal face on the sterilization chamber is soiled or the door seal is defective.	Check the door seal and the seal face on the sterilization chamber for soiling and foreign bodies and clean them if necessary. Check the door seal for defects and replace if necessary (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).	
	The door seal was not inserted correctly.	Check whether the door seal has been inserted correctly (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38) Insert the new door seal in the groove in such a way that the wider seal face points towards the side of the sterilization chamber.	

Event	Possible causes	What you can do
F32	The steam sterilizer was switched off at the power switch during a program run.	Replace or sterilize the sterile filter as follows:
		<ol> <li>Remove the sterile filter from the rear panel of the steam sterilizer and sterilize it in the Gentle-Program without continuing loading.</li> <li>Return the sterile filter to the rear panel.</li> </ol>
		Never switch off the steam sterilizer at the power switch during a program run. Always interrupt a program with the "Start-Stop" key.
	The power plug has been disconnected or has not been connected correctly in the socket.	Check whether the power plug is connected, the power cable has suffered damage, or a loose contact or a loose plug connections is the cause. Plug the power plug back into the mains socket.
	Power outage in the building supply.	Arrange for an inspection of the building- side installation (e.g. automatic circuit breaker) and test the steam sterilizer at another socket or on another circuit.
F34	The sterilization temperature on temperature sensor 1 was undercut. The steam sterilizer is overloaded.	Comply with the maximum permissible load quantities (see Loading the sterilizer, p. 17). If necessary, perform a vacuum test.
	The door seal and/or the seal face on the sterilization chamber is soiled or the door seal is defective.	Check the door seal and the seal face on the sterilization chamber for soiling and foreign bodies and clean them if necessary. Check the door seal for defects and replace if necessary (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).
	The door seal was not inserted correctly.	Check whether the door seal has been inserted correctly (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38). Insert the new door seal in the groove in such a way that the wider seal face points towards the side of the sterilization chamber.
F36	The required chamber pressure was undercut during sterilization. The steam sterilizer is overloaded.	Comply with the maximum permissible load quantities (see Loading the sterilizer, p. 17). If necessary, perform a vacuum test (see Vacuum test, p. 34).
	The door seal and/or the seal face on the sterilization chamber is soiled or the door seal is defective.	Check the door seal and the seal face on the sterilization chamber for soiling and foreign bodies and clean them if necessary. Check the door seal for defects and replace if necessary (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).
	The door seal was not inserted correctly.	Check whether the door seal has been inserted correctly (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38). Insert the new door seal in the groove in such a way that the wider seal face points towards the side of the sterilization chamber.
F39	The internal memory (EEPROM) has suffered data inconsistency or data loss.	<ol> <li>Acknowledge the malfunction message and then reset the date and time (see Setting the date and time, p. 14).</li> <li>Start the program again.</li> </ol>



Event	Possible causes	What you can do
F40	Insufficient feed water in the right-hand chamber of the internal storage tank.	Check the water level of the feed water in the right-hand chamber of the internal storage tank and refill with feed water if necessary.
	If the notification is displayed despite a full	Check the float switch as follows:
	tank, the float switch is blocked.	<ol> <li>Remove the tank lid from the storage tank.</li> <li>Remove the filling funnel if present.</li> <li>Move the float in the right-hand</li> </ol>
		chamber of the storage tank (feed water side from below in the tank) up and down.
F47	The left-hand chamber of the internal storage tank (waste water) is full.	Empty the left-hand chamber of the internal storage tank (waste water).
	If the notification is displayed despite an empty tank, the float switch is blocked.	Check the float switch as follows:
		<ol> <li>Remove the tank lid from the storage tank.</li> <li>Remove the filling funnel if present.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Move the float in the left-hand chamber of the storage tank (feed water side from below in the tank) up and down repeatedly to restore its free- movement.</li> </ol>
F48	Parameter malfunction	Switch off the steam sterilizer and back on again and then restart the program.
F51	The sterilization temperature on temperature sensor 2 was undercut. The steam sterilizer is overloaded.	Comply with the maximum permissible load quantities (see Loading the sterilizer, p. 17). If necessary, perform a vacuum test (see Vacuum test, p. 34).
	The door seal and/or the seal face on the sterilization chamber is soiled or the door seal is defective.	Check the door seal and the seal face on the sterilization chamber for soiling and foreign bodies and clean them if necessary. Check the door seal for defects and replace if necessary (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).
	The door seal was not inserted correctly.	Check whether the door seal has been inserted correctly. Insert the new door seal in the groove in such a way that the wider seal face points towards the side of the sterilization chamber (see Replacing the door seal, p. 38).

### Emergency opening of the door during a power failure



### DANGER

Non compliance can lead to severe burning and injuries.

Be absolutely sure that the sterilizer is completely relieved from pressure:

- No steam may be permitted to escape between the sterile filter and the reverse side of the sterilizer.
- The sliding closure grip must be easy to manipulate.
- It must be possible to push back the door about 2 mm with only slight pressure.
- Ensure to allow the sterilizer to cool down. Metal parts such as door and chamber can be hot.

If the door cannot be opened, for instance due to a power failure, comply with the safety instructions outlined above and proceed as follows:

- Switch the sterilizer off at the power switch and pull the power plug from the wall socket. 1.
- 2. In order to release the door in case of emergency, position the long side of the lever between the door and the side panel of the sterilizer. The bend faces the front and the lever is on the level of the sliding closure grip.



Fig. 6 Emergency unlocking of the door



If the lever is in the guide, pull it forwards with your right hand. Push the slide locking grip 3. upwards with your other hand.



4. Open the door.

Fig.7 Opening the door

### Changing the device fuses

If the device fuses have been tripped (see Views of the device, p. 9), proceed as follows to change:

- Switch off the sterilizer at the power switch and remove the plug from the socket. 1.
- 2. Open the door manually in accordance with the section "Emergency opening of the door during a power failure".
- 3. Unscrew both screw caps of the fuse holder (see Views of the device, p. 9) at the lower front of the sterilizers with a screwdriver or a coin.

Two replacement fuses are mounted on the door interior (see marking).



Fig. 8 Replacement fuses on the door interior

4. Remove the defective device fuses and insert the new fuses securely in the holder.



#### Fig. 9 Fore view, below right

5. Screw the cap of the fuse holder to the lower sterilizer front.

6. Reconnect the sterilizer plug to the socket and switch on the sterilizer at the power switch. Should this trigger repeatedly, please inform MELAG customer service/the customer service of your stockist.

# Glossary

### Aqua dem

→Demineralized water

Aqua dest →Distilled water

#### Heat-up phase

The time required after the sterilizer has been switched on / after the start of a sterilization program, to heat the double jacket steam generator before the sterilization procedure starts. The duration is dependent on temperature at which sterilization takes place.

#### Authorized persons

Depot technicians or MELAG-specified customer services trained by MELAG.

#### BGV A1

Specifications from professional associations – the principles of prevention.

#### Bowie & Dick test

Steam penetration test with a standard test package; described in DIN EN 285; the test is usually recognized in the large-scale sterilization industry.

#### CF card

Compact Flash-Card; a memory card for digital data.

#### Batch

Collection of sterilization material which has been processed together in the same sterilization program.

#### Delay in boiling

Refers to the phenomenon that it is possible under certain circumstances to heat a fluid beyond its boiling point without them boiling. This represents an unstable state; even low-level agitation can produce a large bubble within the shortest period, which expands explosively.

#### Demineralized water

Water without the minerals usually found in normal spring or tap water; is produced through ion exchange of normal tap water. Used here as feed water.

#### Feed water

Is required for the creation of water steam for the sterilization; typical values for the water quality according to DIN EN 285 or DIN EN 13060 – Appendix C.

#### Distilled water

From the Latin aqua destillata; also referred to as aqua dest; water which to a great extent is free from salts, organic material and micro-organisms, is produced from normal tap water or pre-cleaned water through the process of distillation (evaporation and subsequent - condensation). Used here as feed water.

#### DGSV

Deutsche Gesellschaft für Sterilgutverordnung (German Association for the Sterilized Equipment Ordinance). The DSGV training centres are specified in DIN 58946, part 6 as "Requirements of personnel".

#### DIN 58953

Standard - sterilisation, sterile equipment supply.

#### DIN EN 867-5

Standard – non-biological systems for use in sterilizers – part 5: The determination of indicator systems and test bodies for the performance test of small sterilizers of the type B and type S.

#### DIN EN 868-8

Standard – packaging materials and systems for medical products requiring sterilization.

#### DIN EN ISO 11140-1

Standard – the sterilization of products for use in medical treatment – chemical indicators – part 1: General requirements.

#### DIN EN ISO 11607-1

Standard – materials requirements, Sterile barrier systems and packaging systems; this standard represents the result of the harmonization of EN 868 part 1 and the international standard DIN EN ISO 11607.

#### DIN EN 13060

Standard - Small steam sterilizers.

#### **DIN EN 285**

Standard – Sterilization – Steam sterilizers – Large sterilizers.

Dynamic pressure test of the sterilization chamber Serves to verify that the rate of the change of pressure occurring in the sterilization chamber during a sterilization cycle does not exceed a certain value, which could lead to damage of the wrapping material [DIN EN 13060].

#### Dynamic pressure test of the sterilization chamber

Serves to prove that the rate of pressure variations during a sterilization cycle does not exceed a particular value which could result in the damage of the packaging material. [DIN EN 285].

#### Single wrapping

Wrapped once e.g. instruments sealed in foil – in opposition to: Multiple wrapping.

#### Evacuation

Creation of a vacuum in a vessel.

#### Fractionated vacuum procedure

Technical procedure in steam sterilization; the repeated evacuation of the sterilization chamber in alternation with steam injection.

#### FTP

(File Transfer Protocol) is a data transmission procedure serving to transport data from the internet. This data can include programs, files or even information. Special FTP programs (FTP clients) serve to load the data onto a server (upload).

#### Instruments with narrow lumen

An article open on one side to which the following applies:

 $1 \le L/D \le 750$  and  $L \le 1500$  mm or an article with an opening on both sides which is:

 $2 \le L/D \le 1500$  and  $L \le 3000$  mm and which does not correspond to a hollow body article B

L...length of hollow body article

D...Diameter of hollow body article [DIN EN 13060]

#### Mixed loads

Wrapped and unwrapped sterilization material within a single load.

#### Hollow body A

→Instruments with narrow lumen

#### Hollow body B

→Simple hollow instruments

#### Initialization

Creating a specific starting situation of the software upon starting.

#### Condensate

Fluid (e.g. water) produced by the cooling of and resultant separation from the vaporous state.

#### Corrosion

The chemical alteration or destruction of metal materials by water and chemicals.

#### Contamination

Here: the impurification of the sterilizer load through undesirable or damaging materials.

#### Empty chamber test

Test run without a load, performed to assess the performance of a sterilizer without the influence of a load; facilitating verification of the temperatures maintained in comparison to the temperatures set [DIN EN 285].

#### Conductivity

Is the reciprocal value of electrical resistance; measured in micro-Siemens / centimetre ( $\mu$ S/cm); the greater the amount of dissolute matter in the water, the better it can conduct electrical current and thus the higher its conductivity.

#### Conductivity measurement

Conductivity measurement. Measurement of the conductivity.

#### Air leakage- verification of the air leakage

Verification of the leakage serves to prove that the volume of air ingress in the sterilization chamber during the vacuum phase does not exceed a value which would prevent steam penetration of the sterilizer load and that the air leakage does not cause the possible contamination of the sterilizer load during the drying phase.

#### Solid

Without hollows or gaps, solid, compact, closed.

#### Massive load - verification of a massive load

Serves to prove that the necessary sterilization conditions have been reached within the entire load with the values set in the control. The load must represent the largest weight of massive instruments designed for sterilization in a sterilizer in accordance with DIN EN 285.

#### Multiple wrapping

E.g. wrapped instruments sealed in a double layer of film or wrapped in film and placed in an additional container or a container wrapped in textiles.

#### MPBetrieib V

MPBetreibV regulation covering the installation, operation, application and maintenance of medical products according to § 3 of the Medical Devices Directive with the exception of medical products for clinical evaluation or performance evaluation.

#### Standard conform

Satisfies all relevant standards.

#### Porous

Permeable for fluids and air e.g. textiles.

#### Porous small components

Made of materials which are able to absorb fluids.

Porous partial load - test of porous partial load

Serves to prove that the values set on the control allow steam to enter the pre-determined test package quickly and equally [DIN EN 13060].

#### Porous full load - test of porous full load

Serves to prove that the values set on the control satisfy the necessary sterilization conditions in porous loads with a maximum mass for which the sterilizer is designed in accordance with DIN EN 285.

#### Process evaluation system

Also known as the self-monitoring system – observes itself, compares the various sensors during a current program.

#### Self monitoring system

Process evaluation system.

#### Separate steam production

The steam generator is located outside the sterilization chamber. The sterilization chamber is protected from overheating in this way.

#### Simple hollow items

An article open on one side to which the following applies:

$$\begin{split} 1 &\leq L/D \leq 5 \text{ and } D \geq 5 \text{ mm or an article with an opening} \\ \text{on both sides which is:} \\ 2 &\leq L/D \leq 10 \text{ and } D \geq 5 \text{ L...length of hollow article} \end{split}$$

D...diameter of hollow article [DIN EN 13060

#### Sterile barrier system

Sterile barrier system: a closed minimum packaging which prevents the entrance of microorganisms e.g. through sealing bags, sealed and re-usable containers and folded sterilization towels etc.

#### Sterilized equipment

Also referred to as a batch: a load which has already been sterilized, i.e. is sterile.

#### Sterilization chamber

The interior of a sterilizer, accommodates the sterilizing material.

#### Sterilization material

Unsterile, sterilisable material which is still to be sterilized.

#### ТСР

Transmission control protocol: refers to a standard protocol for connecting computers and networks.

#### Vacuum

In common parlance, an area devoid of all material in the technical sense: volumes with a reduced gas pressure (at least air pressure).

#### Vacuum drying

Gentle drying: the drying load is subject to underpressure. This reduces the boiling point and thus leads to evaporation even at low temperatures.

#### VDE

Verband der Elektrotechnik, Elektronik und Informationstechnik e.V. (German: The Association of Electrotechnology, Electronics and Information Technology).

#### Soft sterilization packaging

E.g. a paper bag or transparent sterilization packaging.

# **Technical data**

Model name	Vacuklav 23 B+	Vacuklav 31 B+	
Device dimension (H x W x D)	49 x 42.5 x 74 cm	49 x 42.5 x 62 cm	
Sterilization chamber (diam. x depth)	Ø 25 cm x 45 cm	Ø 25 cm x 35 cm	
Volume of the sterilization chamber	22 litres	17 litres	
Volume of the storage tank	Feed water (right chamber) 5 litres (c.7 cycles); waste water side (left chamber): 3 litres		
Weight (empty)	50 kg	45 kg	
Electrical power	2100 W		
Electrical connection	A 220 -240V circuit (max. voltage range 207-253V) and 50/60 Hz building-side recommended: separate circuit with 16A fuse, an additional FI switch 30 mA		
Noise emission	ound pressure level 65 db (A) @ 1 m		
Waste heat (with max. solid load)	0.9 kWh		
Max. altitude	2000 m		
Ambient temperature	5-40 °C (recommended max. 25 °C)		
Relative humidityMax. 80% at 31 °C, decreasing in a linear fashion up to a relative humidity of max. 50% at 40 °C		n a linear fashion up to a 40 °C	
Length of power cable	1.35 m		
Feed water			
Feed water quality	Distilled or demineralized feed water in accordance with DIN EN 13060, Appendix C (with central demineralization system max. conductivity 5 $\mu$		
Max. water consumption	0.7 l	0.6 l	
CE mark	CE 0197, CE 0035		
Degree of protection (following IEC 60529)	IP20		

# Accessories

	Article		Art. no.*	
		Vacuklav 23 B+	Vacuklav 31 B+	
Tray mounts	A "Plus" for 5 trays or 3 standard-tray cassettes or 3 MELAstore boxes 100	82630	82620	
	Bracket >B< for 4 standard tray cassettes	40224	40234	
	D for two tall cassettes of 4 trays	46840		
Sterilization	15K (18 x 12 x 4.5 cm)	01151		
container with a	15M (35 x 12 x 4.5 cm)	01152		
filter in accordance	15G (35 x 12 x 8 cm)	01153		
with DIN EN 868-8	17K (20 x 14 x 5 cm)	01171		
(depth x width x	17M (41 x 14 x 5 cm)	01172		
height)	15M (14 x 14 x 9 cm)	01173		
	23M (42 x 16 x 6 cm)	01231		
	23G (42 x 16 x 12 cm)	01232		
	28M (32 x 16 x 6 cm)	01284		
	28G (32 x 16 x 12 cm)	01285		
Swab drums with	17R (Ø 13 cm x 10.5 cm)	00174		
filter cloth	23R (Ø 18 cm x 14 cm)	00233		
Package holder	Ø 25 cm x 45 or 35 cm	22420	22410	
Standard tray	with filter cloth (29 x 19 x 4 cm)	00289		
cassettes (depth x width x height)	without filter cloth (29 x 19 x 4 cm)	00286		
Trays	Tray7	00230	00280	
Test body system	MELA <i>control</i> consisting of a Helix test body and 250 indicator strips	01080		
	MELA <i>control</i> PRO consisting of a Helix test body and 40 indicator strips	01075		
Water treatment	MELAdem 40 ion exchanger	01049		
unit	MELAdem 47 reverse osmosis unit	01047		
	Upgrade set for the tank drain	26695		
	MELAjet Spray gun	27300		
For documentation	MELAflash CF card printer with CF card and card reader	01039		
	MELAprint 44 log printer	01144		
	MELA <i>net</i> Box	40296		
Other	Water stop	01056		
	Device fuses 20A/gRL	57589		
	Door seal	58512		
	Sterile filter	20 <sup>-</sup>	160	

\*All articles listed are available via your specialist stockist.

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